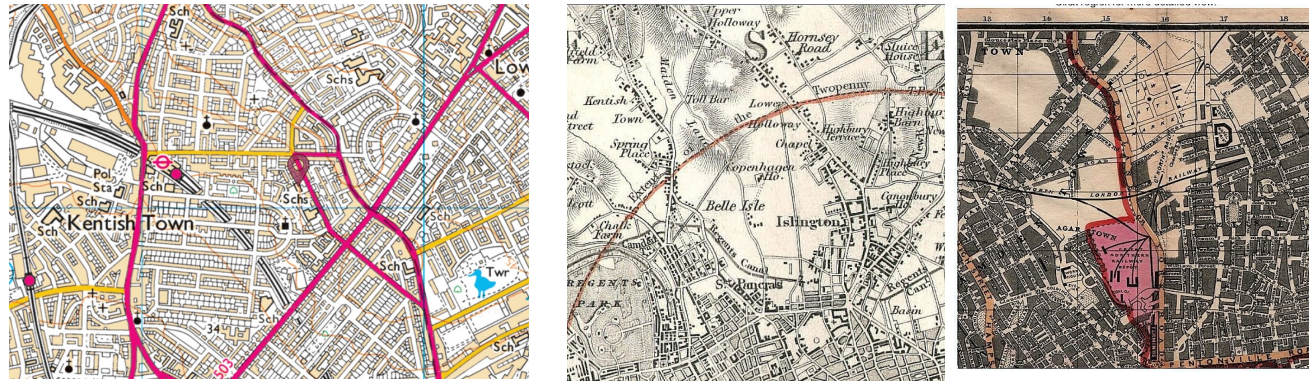
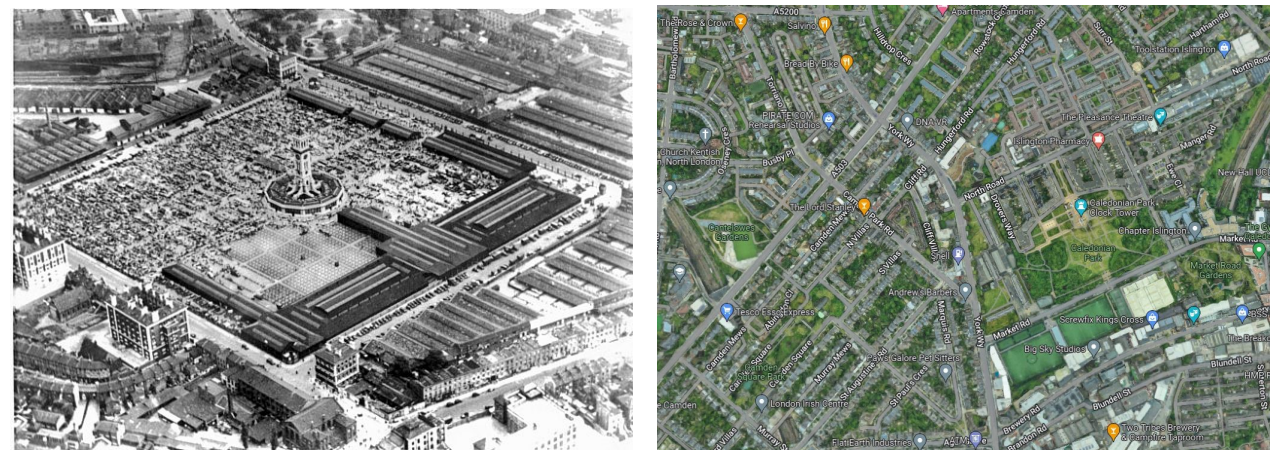


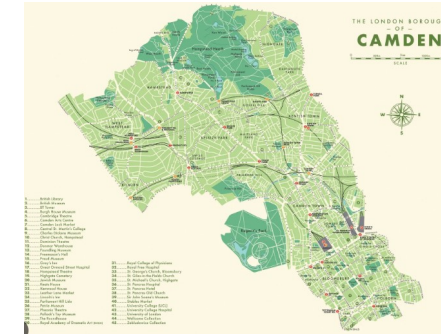
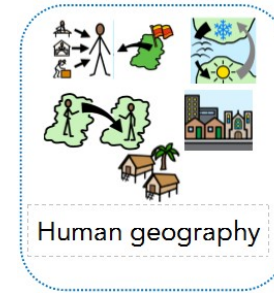
Map with 4-6 point grid references



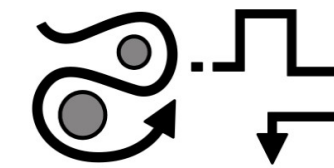
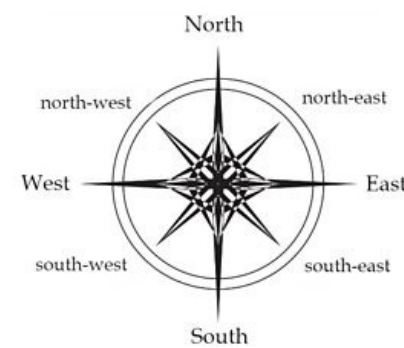
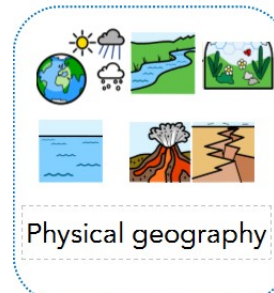
Comparing ordnance survey maps and aerial photographs



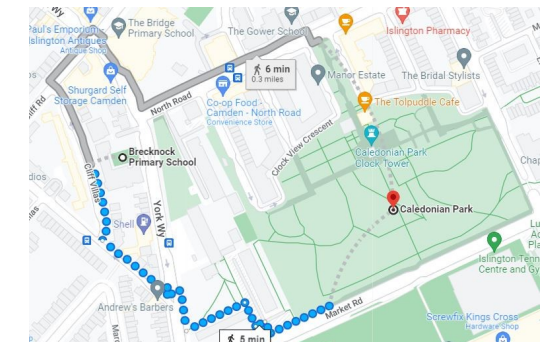
Human features of NW1 and London




Physical features of NW1 and London

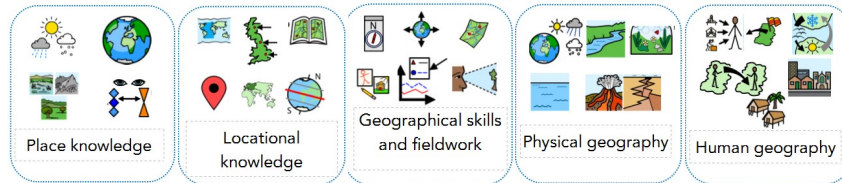


Navigating NW1 using an 8 point compass for direction



 Previous Learning							
Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Talk about aspects of their familiar world and where they live	Make observations about where things are e.g. within school or local area.	Kentish High Street: local area study	Great Fire of London Founding Hospital	Going Underground: local area study	Romans—Impact on Britain Windrush Migration	Rivers: settlements	Colonial Legacy: Tea, Sugar and Spice

## Thinking Geographically



Suggest questions for investigating

Use a range of sources of evidence for investigations

Collect and record evidence

Analyse and draw conclusions from data collected on NW1

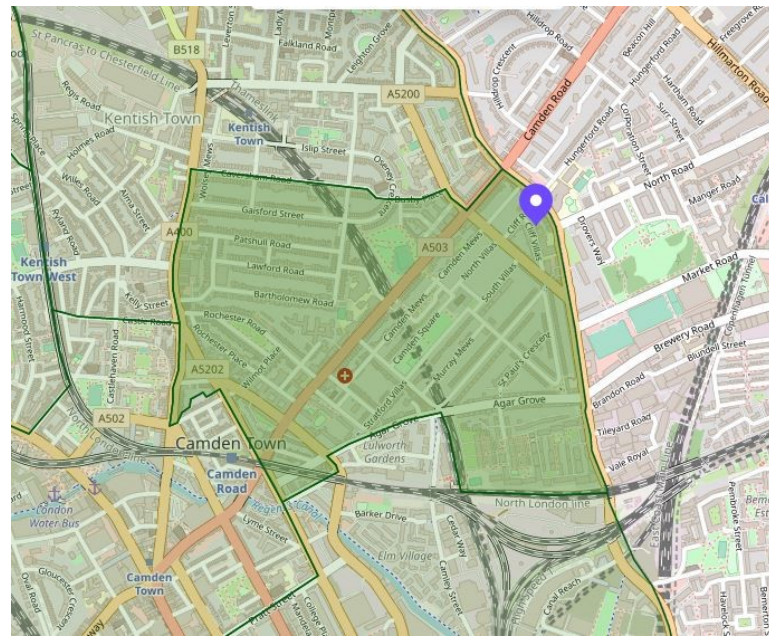
Use 8 point compasses and 6 figure grid references

Draw a variety of maps

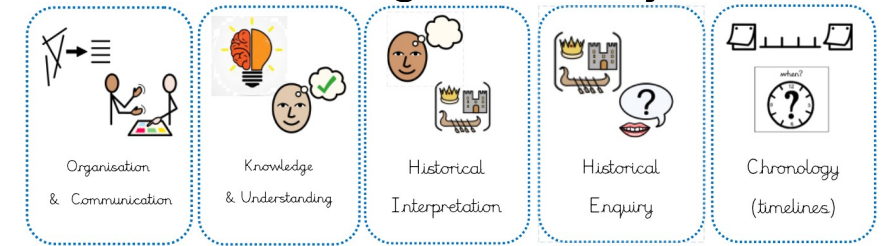
Use and analyse ordnance survey maps, aerial photographs

Understand and measure scale of NW1 and its surrounding area

## NW1– My London



## Thinking Historically



Give reasons why changes may have occurred, back up by evidence

Choose reliable sources of evidence to answer questions

Identify and compare changes within and across different periods

## Vocabulary

## Key Learning

NW1 is part of London and includes the following areas; Marylebone (part), Euston, Regent's Park, Baker Street, Camden Town, Somers Town, Primrose Hill (part) and Lisson Grove (part) Camden, Westminster.

NW1 has an urban population of approximately 25000 that predominantly live in terraced houses or blocks of flats and is near to the amenities on Brecknock Road and Camden Road.

Physical features of NW1 include Caledonian Park, Canteloves Park and is part of the temperate forest biome with a seasonal climate.

Caledonian Road Park used to be a cattle market, influencing road names, the people who lived and worked here and the places that were built.

Historical aerial photographs of NW1 show the size of the Caledonian Market and the infrastructure surrounding it– streets, pubs, shops, stalls and the clock tower.

6 figure grid references are used to locate a place on a map to within 100 metres.

By drawing a line between each cardinal points on a compass an eight point compass can be made and used. Caledonian Park is south east from Brecknock Primary School.

settlement	The place where a community is established.
identity	Knowing who or what a person or place is.
postcode	A code of numbers and letters to show a small group of addresses.
leisure	Use of free time for enjoyment
cattle market	A place where farm animals are sold for meat.
aerial photograph	A photograph taken from the air, in a plane or from a drone.
amenities	Places which make a community more pleasant
employment	Having a paid job for work.
urban	Human settlement with high population density and a built environment.
rural	An area in the countryside outside of a town or city
labour	The physical act of working
ordnance survey	National mapping agency for Britain
inquiry	Asking for information
infrastructure	Facilities and systems that help serve a place
cardinal point	Each of the four main points of the compass
cartographer	A person who draws or produces maps