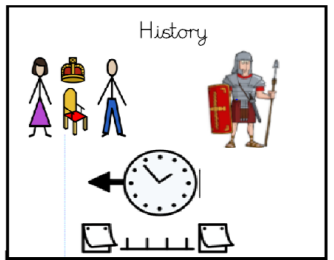
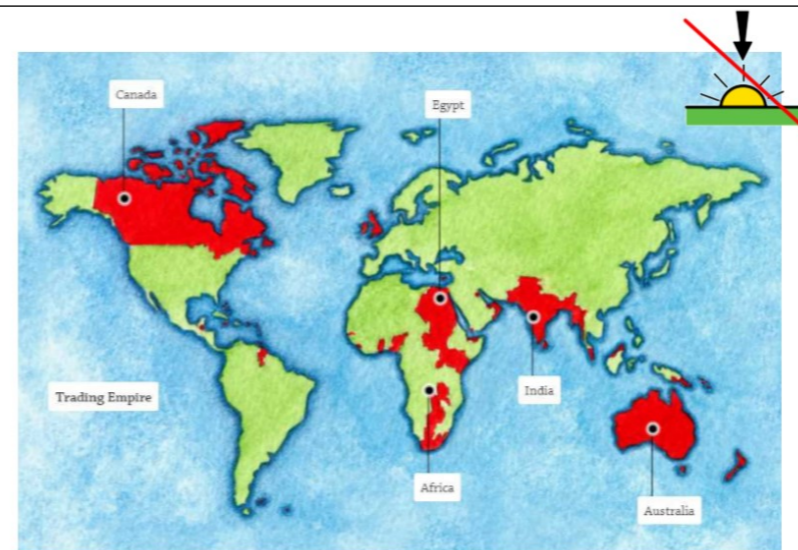
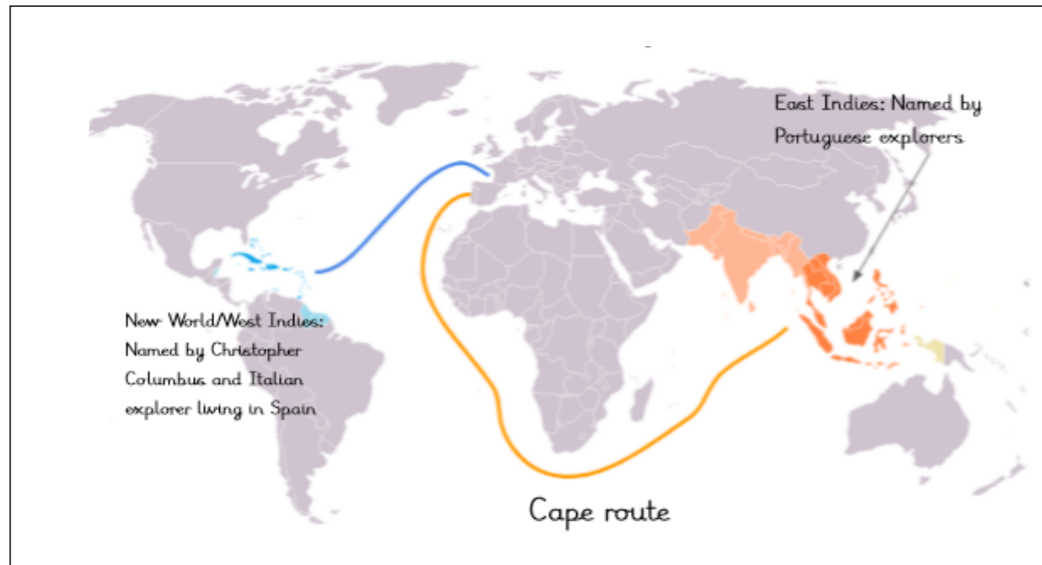
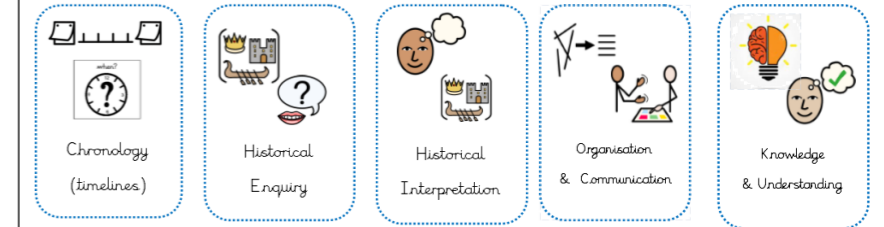


Tea, Sugar and Spice - Colonial Legacy and Expansion and Dissolution of Empires



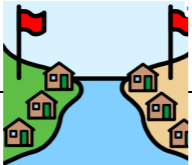

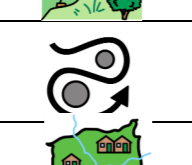
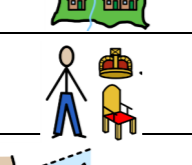
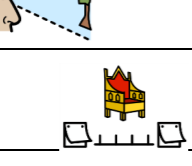
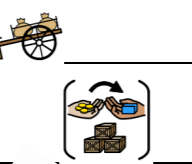
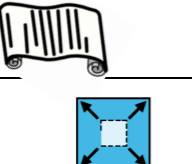


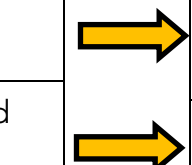
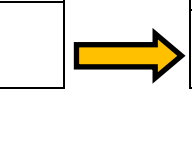

IORRIANO
PRIMARY SCHOOL





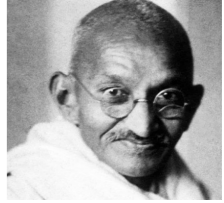
HISTORY KNOWLEDGE MAT











Key Learning	Questions to consider
The British Empire is a term used to describe all the places around the world that were once ruled by Britain.	What are the different perspectives of the British Empire?
Between 1497 and 1763, English seamen reached places Europeans had not previously been. Britain then set up colonies and used them to trade all over the world. However the British used violence to take over these lands, many people were enslaved as a result of the expansion of the empire.	In your opinion, which British queen had the largest influence on the expansion of the British Empire?
Lots of new trade routes across land and by sea led to rapid expansion including the cape route around Africa.	How did the trade routes established during the empire influence current British culture?
East India Trading company was established in Founded in 1600, a large group of merchants formed a trading company to trade with East Indies, India and Southeast Asia. Queen Elizabeth I gave the East India Company a royal charter, establishing it as one of the most powerful companies ever known.	Why was the creation of the East India Charter in 1600 a significant turning point for Britain?
By 1783, Britain had formed an empire which was made up of colonies in North America, including the West Indies, and the Pacific including New Zealand, which became a British Colony following an expedition by James Cook in 1769 trading posts in India	What other countries were competing with Britain for more territories to colonise?
In the century 1815–1914, 10 million square miles of territory and 400 million people were added to the British Empire. By the British Empire Exhibition of 1924, Britain controlled a worldwide empire which covered a fifth of the land in the world .	What are the connections between the expansion of the British Empire and the trans-Atlantic slave trade?
The scramble for Africa occurred between 1881 and 1914. Many European powers including Britain, Portugal and France raced to colonise Africa. By 1914, 90% was colonised by seven Western European powers.	How is the theme of imperialism linked between the period of the British Empire and the main causes for WWI?
The British Empire was dismantled and replaced by a voluntary organisation of former colonies called the Commonwealth . In the 1930s Mahatma Gandhi led a famous protest called the Salt March . Afterwards, he was arrested. In 1947, India and Pakistan were given independence.	What part did Gandhi played a part in India's independence?

Vocabulary

colony		A group of people from one country who build a settlement in another territory or land. They claim the new land for the original country, and the original country keeps some control over the colony.
colonise		To establish a settlement on a distant place and begin to rule.
empire		A term used to describe a group of countries / places ruled by one single ruler or state.
expedition		A journey or trip undertaken for a specific purpose.
navigation		Finding the way from place to place.
territory		An area of land under the jurisdiction of a ruler or state.
monarchy		A country ruled by a monarch (king or queen).
perspectives		Someone's ability to consider a situation from a different point of view.
reign		The period of time that a monarch (a king, queen, emperor, etc.) rules over a country.
merchant		A buyer and seller of goods for profit.
trade		Buying and selling things.
charter		A charter is a formal document describing the rights, aims, or principles of an organization or group of people.
expansion		The action of becoming larger.

PEOPLE	Queen Elizabeth I	East India Company	Queen Victoria I	The Raj	Mahatma Ghandi
					

China		Tea	
India and South-East Asia		Spices	
Caribbean – e.g. Jamaica and Barbados		Sugar	
West and Central Africa		Enslaved people	

 Historical Connections		
Year 6 — World War One	Year 4 – The Windrush	Expansion and dissolution of Empires
Year 5 – The Vikings	Year 4 —Roman Empire	Britain's influence
Year 5– Magna Carta	Year 3 – Kingdom of Benin	Monarchy