



FRENCH KS2 KNOWLEDGE MAT



Greetings and Basic Questions/ Answers			
Bonjour - Hello Salut - Hi Bonsoir - Good evening/ Good night Bonne soirée - Good evening Excusez-moi - Excuse me		Comment tu t'appelles? - What's your name? Je m'appelle... - My name is... Où habites tu? - Where do you live J'habite - I live... Quel âge as-tu? - How old are you? J'ai ___ ans - I am ___ years old	
Ça va? - How are you? (informal) Ça va bien - I'm doing well Pas mal - Not bad Et toi?/ Et vous? - And you? Oui - Yes Non - No		Au revoir - Goodbye Salut - Bye Ciao - Bye Bonne soirée - Have a nice evening Bonne journée - Have a nice day S'il vous plaît - Please Merci - Thank you	

Colours and Animals			
COULEURS (colours)		bleu(e) - blue noir(e) - black vert(e) - green violet(te) - violet	pourpre - purple gris(e) - grey blanc(he) - white jaune - yellow rouge - red orange - orange rose - pink marron - brown
ANIMAUX (animals)		chat - cat chien - dog lapin - rabbit serpent - snake	cheval - horse oiseau - bird hamster - hamster souris - mouse canard - duck poule - hen/chicken abeille - bee escargot - snail

The Alphabet and Days of the Week		
L'ALPHABET (THE ALPHABET) A - ah B - bay C - say D - day E - er F - eff G - shay H - ash I - ee J - shee K - car L - ell M - emm N - enn O - oh P - pay Q - coo R - air S - ess T - tay U - ooo V - vay W - doubla-vay X - ix Y - ee-grek Z - zed	avion - plane ballon - balloon citron - lemon dauphin - dolphin escargot - snail fraise - strawberry gâteau - cake hibou - owl île - island jardin - garden kangourou - kangaroo livre - book mouton - sheep nuage - cloud ordinateur - computer poisson - fish quille - skittle raisins - grapes soleil - sun tortue - tortoise un - one vache - cow wagon - truck/carriage xylophone - xylophone yacht - yacht zèbre - zebra	JOURNÉES (DAYS) lundi - Monday mardi - Tuesday mercredi - Wednesday jeudi - Thursday vendredi - Friday samedi - Saturday dimanche - Sunday Mon anniversaire est en... My birthday is in...

Adjectives		
Masculine Petit - Small Grand - Big/Tall Jeune - Young Vieux - Old Gentil - Nice Bon - Good Facile - Easy Intelligent - Intelligent Beau - Handsome Fort - Strong	Feminine Petite - Small Grande - Big/Tall Jeune - Young Vielle - Old Gentille - Nice Bonne - Good Facile - Easy Intelligente - Intelligent Belle - Beautiful Forte - Strong	Adjectives Rules! -Most French adjectives are placed after the noun (the word that they describe). -The only adjectives that do not do this are the BANGS adjectives (adjectives about beauty, age, number, goodness, or size). -Spelling of French adjectives can change depending on the number and gender of the noun that they describe.



Number Line



VOCABULARY

ça va ok – it's ok

ça va bien – I am well

ça va très bien = I am very well

comme ci, comme ça - so , so

ça va mal – no, I am not well

Où est ... ? = where is it

C'est = it is

Dans le Nord = in the north

Dans le Sud = in the south

Dans l'Est = in the east

Dans l'Ouest = In the west

De = of

L'Italie = Italy

La Belgique = Belgium

L'Espagne = Spain

L'Allemagne = Germany

La Suisse = Switzerland

Le Luxembourg = Luxemburg

L'Angleterre = England

Le cousin, la cousine— cousin

La famille—relatives



FRENCH KNOWLEDGE MAT

Year 5

MAIN IDEA

The year 5 French syllabus builds on what the children have learned in years 3 and 4. The topics covered are similar to the year 3 unit but this year the children will delve into the topics in more depth. They will also apply what they have learned so far to explore French history.

WHAT CAME BEFORE

Year 4– All around town; on the move; going shopping; time; holidays and hobbies.

WHAT COMES NEXT

Year 6 – Visiting French towns; shopping; All in a day; This is France.



IMPORTANT FACTS

- ◆ Pronunciation changes all around France
- ◆ No genuine French word starts with the letters K and W.
- ◆ French is spoken commonly as a second language in Morocco, Tunisia, Algeria, Lebanon, Syria, Laos, Cambodia and Vietnam.
- ◆ French is a Romance language descended from Latin.

KEY LEARNING

Getting to know you/all about ourselves

In this unit, year 5 will apply previous knowledge of topic areas such as clothes and the body, developing their vocabulary at the same time. They will learn to describe their own appearance and are introduced to some key grammatical features of French, such as the position of adjectives. They have the opportunity to talk about their emotions and health, increasing their conversational skills.

Spring Term - Family and friends. In this unit, children will apply previous skills and knowledge of topic areas such as animals, homes and family to extend their conversation abilities. They will expand their vocabulary and consolidate their understanding of descriptive language, including subjective descriptions. They will learn how French adjectives must 'agree' with the noun they describe, in relation to both number and gender. They will find out more about possessive adjectives and explain a family network in detail.

Time travelling- In this unit, year 5 will apply previous skills and knowledge of topic areas such as numbers and dates, extending this to talk about key events in French history. They will be introduced to one of the common past tenses in the French language, learning to give dates of birth/death for famous French people and begin to use grammatical terms such as